

# Package ‘pcutils’

March 19, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** Some Useful Functions for Statistics and Visualization

**Version** 0.2.5

**Description** Offers a range of utilities and functions for everyday programming tasks.

- 1.Data Manipulation. Such as grouping and merging, column splitting, and character expansion.
- 2.File Handling. Read and convert files in popular formats.
- 3.Plotting Assistance. Helpful utilities for generating color palettes, validating color formats, and adding transparency.
- 4.Statistical Analysis. Includes functions for pairwise comparisons and multiple testing corrections, enabling perform statistical analyses with ease.
- 5.Graph Plotting, Provides efficient tools for creating doughnut plot and multi-layered doughnut plot; Venn diagrams, including traditional Venn diagrams, upset plots, and flower plots; Simplified functions for creating stacked bar plots, or a box plot with alphabets group for multiple comparison group.

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxxygenNote** 7.2.3

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

**Imports** dplyr, magrittr, ggplot2, stats, utils, grDevices, reshape2, scales, tools, tidyverse, RColorBrewer, graphics

**Suggests** agricolae, clipr, rlang, BiocManager, ggpibr, kableExtra, htmlwidgets, pagedown, ggsci, readr, grImport2, rsvg, PMCMRplus, nortest, fitdistrplus, ggalluvial, gghalves, ggspatial, sf, magick, ggimage, ggpmisc, UpSetR, plotrix, vegan, circlize, igraph, knitr, rmarkdown, plotly, htmltools, leaflet, relaimpo, snow, doSNOW, foreach, stringr, ggraph, ggrepel, treemap, voronoiTreemap, devtools, multcompView, rio, bookdown, sysfonts, showtext, jsonlite, httr, openssl, styler, lintr, aplot, ggbeeswarm, ggVennDiagram, gifski

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## R topics documented:

add_alpha . . . . .	4
add_analysis . . . . .	4
add_theme . . . . .	5
change_fac_lev . . . . .	5
china_map . . . . .	6
copy_df . . . . .	6
copy_vector . . . . .	7
count2 . . . . .	7
dabiao . . . . .	8
del_ps . . . . .	9
df2link . . . . .	9
download2 . . . . .	10
explode . . . . .	10
fittest . . . . .	11
generate_labels . . . . .	11
get_cols . . . . .	12
gghist . . . . .	13
gghuan . . . . .	13
gghuan2 . . . . .	15
ggplot_lim . . . . .	16
ggplot_translator . . . . .	16
grepl.data.frame . . . . .	17
group_box . . . . .	18
group_test . . . . .	19
gsub.data.frame . . . . .	20
guolv . . . . .	21
hebing . . . . .	21
how_to_set_font_for_plot . . . . .	22
how_to_set_options . . . . .	22
how_to_update_parameters . . . . .	23
how_to_use_parallel . . . . .	23
how_to_use_sbatch . . . . .	24
is.ggplot.color . . . . .	24
legend_size . . . . .	25
lib_ps . . . . .	25
little_guodong . . . . .	26
lm_coefficients . . . . .	26

make_gitbook . . . . .	27
make_project . . . . .	27
metadata . . . . .	28
mmscale . . . . .	28
multireg . . . . .	29
multitest . . . . .	30
my_cat . . . . .	30
my_circle_packing . . . . .	31
my_circo . . . . .	32
my_lm . . . . .	33
my_sunburst . . . . .	34
my_treemap . . . . .	34
my_voronoi_treemap . . . . .	35
otutab . . . . .	36
plot.coefficients . . . . .	36
plotgif . . . . .	37
plotpdf . . . . .	37
prepare_package . . . . .	38
pre_number_str . . . . .	39
read.file . . . . .	39
read_fasta . . . . .	40
reinstall_my_packages . . . . .	40
remove.outliers . . . . .	41
rgb2code . . . . .	41
rm_low . . . . .	42
sample_map . . . . .	42
sanxian . . . . .	44
scale_color_pc . . . . .	45
scale_fill_pc . . . . .	46
search_browse . . . . .	46
set_pcutils_config . . . . .	47
show_pcutils_config . . . . .	48
split_text . . . . .	48
squash . . . . .	49
stackplot . . . . .	49
strsplit2 . . . . .	51
t2 . . . . .	52
taxonomy . . . . .	52
tax_pie . . . . .	53
tidai . . . . .	53
trans . . . . .	54
translator . . . . .	55
trans_format . . . . .	55
twotest . . . . .	56
update_NEWS_md . . . . .	57
update_param . . . . .	57
venn . . . . .	58
write_fasta . . . . .	59

<b>Index</b>	<b>60</b>
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---

<b>add_alpha</b>	<i>Add alpha for a Rcolor</i>
------------------	-------------------------------

---

### Description

Add alpha for a Rcolor

### Usage

```
add_alpha(color, alpha = 0.3)
```

### Arguments

color	Rcolor
alpha	alpha, default 0.3

### Value

8 hex color

### Examples

```
add_alpha("red", 0.3)
```

---

<b>add_analysis</b>	<i>Add an analysis for a project</i>
---------------------	--------------------------------------

---

### Description

Add an analysis for a project

### Usage

```
add_analysis(analysis_n, title = analysis_n, pro_dir = getwd())
```

### Arguments

analysis_n	analysis name
title	Rmd file title
pro_dir	project directory, default is current directory

### Value

No return value

---

add_theme	<i>Add a global gg_theme and colors for plots</i>
-----------	---

---

**Description**

Add a global gg\_theme and colors for plots

**Usage**

```
add_theme(set_theme = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

set_theme	your theme
-----------	------------

**Value**

No return value

**Examples**

```
add_theme()
```

---

---

change_fac_lev	<i>Change factor levels</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Change factor levels

**Usage**

```
change_fac_lev(x, levels = NULL, last = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

x	vector
levels	custom levels
last	put the custom levels to the last

**Value**

factor

**Examples**

```
change_fac_lev(letters[1:5], levels = c("c", "a"))
```

---

china\_map

---

*Plot china map*

---

### Description

Plot china map

### Usage

```
china_map(china_shp = NULL, download_dir = "pcutils_temp")
```

### Arguments

china_shp	china.json file
download_dir	download_dir, "pcutils_temp"

### Value

a ggplot

---

copy\_df

---

*Copy a data.frame*

---

### Description

Copy a data.frame

### Usage

```
copy_df(df)
```

### Arguments

df	a R data.frame object
----	-----------------------

### Value

No return value

---

`copy_vector`*Copy a vector*

---

**Description**

Copy a vector

**Usage**`copy_vector(vec)`**Arguments**

`vec` a R vector object

**Value**

No return value

---

`count2`*Like uniq -c in shell to count a vector*

---

**Description**

Like uniq -c in shell to count a vector

**Usage**`count2(df)`**Arguments**

`df` two columns: first is type, second is number

**Value**

two columns: first is type, second is number

**Examples**

```
count2(data.frame(group = c("A", "A", "B", "C", "C", "A"), value = c(2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1)))
```

dabiao                  *Print some message with =*

---

## Description

Print some message with =

## Usage

```
dabiao(  
  str = "",  
  . . .,  
  n = 80,  
  char = "=",  
  mode = c("middle", "left", "right"),  
  print = FALSE  
)
```

## Arguments

str	output strings
. . .	strings will be paste together
n	the number of output length
char	side chars default:=
mode	"middle", "left" or "right"
print	print or message?

## Value

No return value

## Examples

```
dabiao("Start running!")
```

---

del_ps	<i>Detach packages</i>
--------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Detach packages

**Usage**

```
del_ps(p_list, ..., origin = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

p_list	a vector of packages list
...	packages
origin	keep the original Namespace

**Value**

No return value

---

df2link	<i>df to link table</i>
---------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

df to link table

**Usage**

```
df2link(test, fun = sum)
```

**Arguments**

test	df with at least 3 columns
fun	function to summary the elements number, defalut: sum, you can choose mean.

**Value**

data.frame

**Examples**

```
data(otutab)
cbind(taxonomy, num = rowSums(otutab))[1:10, ] -> test
df2link(test)
```

---

`download2`*Download File*

---

**Description**

This function downloads a file from the provided URL and saves it to the specified location.

**Usage**

```
download2(url, file_path, timeout = 300, force = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>url</code>	The URL from which to download the file.
<code>file_path</code>	The full path to the file.
<code>timeout</code>	<code>timeout, 300s</code>
<code>force</code>	<code>FALSE</code> , if <code>TRUE</code> , overwrite existed file
<code>...</code>	<code>add</code>

**Value**

No value

---

`explode`*Explode a data.frame if there are split charter in one column*

---

**Description**

Explode a data.frame if there are split charter in one column

**Usage**

```
explode(df, column, split = ",")
```

**Arguments**

<code>df</code>	data.frame
<code>column</code>	column
<code>split</code>	split string

**Value**

`data.frame`

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(a = 1:2, b = c("a,b", "c"), c = 3:4)
explode(df, "b", ",")
```

---

**fittest***Fit a distribution*

---

**Description**

Fit a distribution

**Usage**

```
fittest(a)
```

**Arguments**

a                  a numeric vector

**Value**

distribution

---

**generate\_labels***Generate labels position*

---

**Description**

Generate labels position

**Usage**

```
generate_labels(
  labels = NULL,
  input = c(0, 0),
  nrows = NULL,
  ncols = NULL,
  x_offset = 0.3,
  y_offset = 0.15,
  just = 1
)
```

**Arguments**

labels	labels
input	c(0,0)
nrows	default: NULL
ncols	default: NULL
x_offset	0.3
y_offset	0.15
just	0~5

**Value**

matrix

**Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
labels <- vapply(1:8, \(\i) paste0(sample(LETTERS, 4), collapse = ""), character(1))
df <- data.frame(label = labels, generate_labels(labels))
ggplot(data = df) +
  geom_label(aes(x = X1, y = X2, label = label))
```

**get\_cols**

*Get n colors*

**Description**

Get n colors

**Usage**

```
get_cols(n = 11, pal = "col1")
```

**Arguments**

n	how many colors you need
pal	col1~3; or a vector of colors, you can get from: RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(5, "Set2") or ggsci::pal_aaas()(5)

**Value**

a vector of n colors

**Examples**

```
get_cols(10, "col2") -> my_cols  
scales::show_col(my_cols)  
  
scales::show_col(get_cols(15, RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(5, "Set2")))
```

---

**gghist***gg Histogram*

---

**Description**

gg Histogram

**Usage**

```
gghist(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	vector
...	parameters parse to <a href="#">gghistogram</a>

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
if (requireNamespace("ggpubr")) {  
  gghist(rnorm(100))  
}
```

---

**gghuan***Plot a doughnut chart*

---

**Description**

Plot a doughnut chart

## Usage

```
gghuan(
  tab,
  reorder = TRUE,
  mode = "1",
  topN = 5,
  name = TRUE,
  percentage = TRUE,
  bar_params = NULL,
  text_params = NULL,
  text_params2 = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

tab	two columns: first is type, second is number
reorder	reorder by number?
mode	plot style, 1~3
topN	plot how many top items
name	label the name
percentage	label the percentage
bar_params	parameters parse to <code>geom_rect</code> , for mode=1,3 or <code>geom_col</code> for mode=2.
text_params	parameters parse to <code>geom_text</code>
text_params2	parameters parse to <code>geom_text</code> , for name=TRUE & mode=1,3

## Value

a ggplot

## Examples

```
a <- data.frame(type = letters[1:6], num = c(1, 3, 3, 4, 5, 10))
gghuan(a) + scale_fill_pc()
gghuan(a,
  bar_params = list(col = "black"),
  text_params = list(col = "#b15928", size = 3),
  text_params2 = list(col = "#006d2c", size = 5)
) + scale_fill_pc()
gghuan(a, mode = 2) + scale_fill_pc()
gghuan(a, mode = 3) + scale_fill_pc()
```

---

gghuan2

*gghuan2 for multi-doughnut chart*

---

## Description

gghuan2 for multi-doughnut chart

## Usage

```
gghuan2(  
  tab = NULL,  
  huan_width = 1,  
  circle_width = 1,  
  space_width = 0.2,  
  circle_label = NULL,  
  name = TRUE,  
  percentage = FALSE,  
  text_params = NULL,  
  circle_label_params = NULL,  
  bar_params = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

tab	a dataframe with hierarchical structure
huan_width	the huan width (numeric vector)
circle_width	the center circle width
space_width	the space width between doughnuts (0~1).
circle_label	the center circle label
name	label the name
percentage	label the percentage
text_params	parameters parse to <a href="#">geom_text</a>
circle_label_params	parameters parse to <a href="#">geom_text</a>
bar_params	parameters parse to <a href="#">geom_rect</a>

## Value

a ggplot

## Examples

```
data.frame(  
  a = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "c"), b = c("a", LETTERS[2:5]), c = rep("a", 5),  
  number = 1:5  
) %>% gghuan2()
```

`ggplot_lim`                    *Get a ggplot xlim and ylim*

### Description

Get a ggplot xlim and ylim

### Usage

```
ggplot_lim(p)
```

### Arguments

<code>p</code>	ggplot
----------------	--------

### Value

list

`ggplot_translator`                    *Translate axis label of a ggplot*

### Description

Translate axis label of a ggplot

### Usage

```
ggplot_translator(
  gg,
  which = c("x", "y"),
  from = "en",
  to = "zh",
  keep_original_label = FALSE,
  original_sep = "\n",
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

<code>gg</code>	a ggplot object to be translated
<code>which</code>	vector contains one or more of 'x', 'y', 'label', 'fill', 'color'..., or 'facet_x', 'facet_y', 'labs' and 'all' to select which texts to be translated.
<code>from</code>	source language
<code>to</code>	target language

```

keep_original_label
  keep the source language labels
original_sep    default, '\n'
verbose        verbose

```

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
df <- data.frame(
  Subject = c("English", "Math"),
  Score = c(59, 98), Motion = c("sad", "happy")
)
ggp <- ggplot(df, mapping = aes(x = Subject, y = Score, label = Motion)) +
  geom_text() +
  geom_point() +
  labs(x = "Subject", y = "Score", title = "Final Examination")
ggplot_translator(ggp, which = "all")

## End(Not run)

```

grepl.data.frame      *Grepl applied on a data.frame*

**Description**

Grepl applied on a data.frame

**Usage**

grepl.data.frame(pattern, x, ...)

**Arguments**

pattern	search pattern
x	your data.frame
...	additional arguments for gerpl()

**Value**

a logical data.frame

**Examples**

```

matrix(letters[1:6], 2, 3) |> as.data.frame() -> a
grepl.data.frame("c", a)
grepl.data.frame("\\w", a)

```

---

**group\_box**

*Plot a boxplot*

---

## Description

Plot a boxplot

## Usage

```
group_box(
  tab,
  group = NULL,
  metadata = NULL,
  mode = 1,
  group_order = NULL,
  facet_order = NULL,
  alpha = FALSE,
  method = "wilcox",
  alpha_param = list(color = "red"),
  point_param = NULL,
  p_value1 = FALSE,
  p_value2 = FALSE,
  only_sig = TRUE,
  stat_compare_means_param = NULL,
  trend_line = FALSE,
  trend_line_param = list(color = "blue")
)
```

## Arguments

tab	your dataframe
group	which colname choose for group or a vector
metadata	the dataframe contains the group
mode	1~9, plot style, try yourself
group_order	the order of x group
facet_order	the order of the facet
alpha	whether plot a group alphabeta by test of method
method	test method:wilcox, tukeyHSD, LSD, (default: wilcox), see <a href="#">multitest</a>
alpha_param	parameters parse to <a href="#">geom_text</a>
point_param	parameters parse to <a href="#">geom_jitter</a>
p_value1	multi-test of all group
p_value2	two-test of each pair
only_sig	only_sig for p_value2

```

stat_compare_means_param
    parameters parse to stat\_compare\_means
trend_line      add a trend line
trend_line_param
    parameters parse to geom\_smooth

```

**Value**

a ggplot

**Examples**

```

a <- data.frame(a = 1:18, b = runif(18, 0, 5))
group_box(a, group = rep(c("a", "b", "c"), each = 6))

```

group\_test

*Performs multiple mean comparisons for a data.frame*

**Description**

Performs multiple mean comparisons for a data.frame

**Usage**

```

group_test(
  df,
  group,
  metadata = NULL,
  method = "wilcox.test",
  threads = 1,
  p.adjust.method = "BH",
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

df	a data.frame
group	The compare group (categories) in your data, one column name of metadata when metadata exist or a vector whose length equal to columns number of df.
metadata	sample information dataframe contains group
method	the type of test. Default is wilcox.test. Allowed values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">t.test</a> (parametric) and <a href="#">wilcox.test</a> (non-parametric). Perform comparison between two groups of samples. If the grouping variable contains more than two levels, then a pairwise comparison is performed.</li> <li>• <a href="#">anova</a> (parametric) and <a href="#">kruskal.test</a> (non-parametric). Perform one-way ANOVA test comparing multiple groups.</li> </ul>

```

threads      default 1
p.adjust.method
            p.adjust.method, see p.adjust, default BH.
verbose       logical

```

**Value**

`data.frame`

**Examples**

```

data(otutab)
group_test(otutab, metadata$Group, method = "kruskal.test")
group_test(otutab[, 1:12], metadata$Group[1:12], method = "wilcox.test")

```

**gsub.data.frame**      *Gsub applied on a data.frame*

**Description**

Gsub applied on a `data.frame`

**Usage**

```
gsub.data.frame(pattern, replacement, x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

pattern	search pattern
replacement	a replacement for matched pattern
x	your <code>data.frame</code>
...	additional arguments for <code>grep()</code>

**Value**

a logical `data.frame`

**Examples**

```

matrix(letters[1:6], 2, 3) |> as.data.frame() -> a
gsub.data.frame("c", "a", a)

```

---

guolv

*Filter your data*

---

## Description

Filter your data

## Usage

```
guolv(tab, sum = 10, exist = 1)
```

## Arguments

tab	dataframe
sum	the rowsum should bigger than sum(default:10)
exist	the exist number bigger than exist(default:1)

## Value

input object

## Examples

```
data(otutab)
guolv(otutab)
```

---

hebing

*Group your data*

---

## Description

Group your data

## Usage

```
hebing(otutab, group, margin = 2, act = "mean")
```

## Arguments

otutab	data.frame
group	group vector
margin	1 for row and 2 for column(default: 2)
act	do (default: mean)

**Value**

```
data.frame
```

**Examples**

```
data(otutab)
hebing(otutab, metadata$Group)
```

---

**how\_to\_set\_font\_for\_plot**

*How to set font for ggplot*

---

**Description**

How to set font for ggplot

**Usage**

```
how_to_set_font_for_plot()
```

**Value**

No return value

---

**how\_to\_set\_options**

*How to set options in a package*

---

**Description**

How to set options in a package

**Usage**

```
how_to_set_options(package = "My_package")
```

**Arguments**

package	package name
---------	--------------

**Value**

No return value

---

`how_to_update_parameters`

*How to update parameters*

---

### Description

How to update parameters

### Usage

`how_to_update_parameters()`

### Value

No return value

---

---

`how_to_use_parallel`

*How to use parallel*

---

### Description

How to use parallel

### Usage

```
how_to_use_parallel(  
  loop = function(i) {  
    return(mean(rnorm(100)))  
  }  
)
```

### Arguments

`loop`                    the main function

### Value

No return value

`how_to_use_sbatch`      *How to use sbatch*

### Description

How to use sbatch

### Usage

```
how_to_use_sbatch(mode = 1)
```

### Arguments

<code>mode</code>	1~3
-------------------	-----

### Value

No return value

`is.ggplot.color`      *Judge if a characteristic is Rcolor*

### Description

Judge if a characteristic is Rcolor

### Usage

```
is.ggplot.color(color)
```

### Arguments

<code>color</code>	characteristic
--------------------	----------------

### Value

TRUE or FALSE

### Examples

```
is.ggplot.color("red")
is.ggplot.color("notcolor")
is.ggplot.color(NA)
is.ggplot.color("#000")
```

---

legend_size	<i>Scale a legend size</i>
-------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

Scale a legend size

**Usage**

```
legend_size(scale = 1)
```

**Arguments**

scale	default: 1.
-------	-------------

**Value**

"theme" "gg"

---

lib_ps	<i>Attach packages or install packages have not benn installed</i>
--------	--

---

**Description**

Attach packages or install packages have not benn installed

**Usage**

```
lib_ps(p_list, ..., all_yes = FALSE, library = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

p_list	a vector of packages list
...	packages
all_yes	all install try set to yes?
library	should library the package or just get Namespace ?

**Value**

No return value

`little_guodong`      *My cat.*

### Description

my little cat named Guo Dong which drawn by my girlfriend.

### Format

rastergrob object.

`lm_coefficients`      *Get coefficients of linear regression model*

### Description

This function fits a linear regression model using the given data and formula, and returns the coefficients.

### Usage

```
lm_coefficients(data, formula, standardize = FALSE, each = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

<code>data</code>	A data frame containing the response variable and predictors.
<code>formula</code>	A formula specifying the structure of the linear regression model.
<code>standardize</code>	Whether to standardize the data before fitting the model.
<code>each</code>	each variable do a lm or whole multi-lm

### Value

`coefficients` The coefficients of the linear regression model.

### Examples

```
data <- data.frame(
  response = c(2, 4, 6, 7, 9),
  x1 = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
  x2 = c(2, 3, 6, 8, 9),
  x3 = c(3, 6, 5, 12, 12)
)
coefficients_df <- lm_coefficients(data, response ~ x1 + x2 + x3)
print(coefficients_df)
plot(coefficients_df)
```

---

**make\_gitbook***Make a Gitbook using bookdown*

---

**Description**

Make a Gitbook using bookdown

**Usage**

```
make_gitbook(  
  book_n,  
  root_dir = "~/Documents/R/",  
  mode = c("gitbook", "bs4")[1],  
  author = "Asa12138",  
  bib = "~/Documents/R/pc_blog/content/bib/My Library.bib",  
  csl = "~/Documents/R/pc_blog/content/bib/science.csl"  
)
```

**Arguments**

book_n	project name
root_dir	root directory
mode	"gitbook","bs4"
author	author
bib	cite papers bib, from Zotero
csl	cite papers format, default science.csl

**Value**

No return value

---

**make\_project***Make a R-analysis project*

---

**Description**

Make a R-analysis project

**Usage**

```
make_project(pro_n, root_dir = "~/Documents/R/")
```

**Arguments**

<code>pro_n</code>	project name
<code>root_dir</code>	root directory

**Value**

No return value

<code>metadata</code>	<i>test data for pcutils package.</i>
-----------------------	---------------------------------------

**Description**

an otutab, metadata and a taxonomy table.

**Format**

contains an otutab, metadata and a taxonomy table.

**otutab** contians otutable rawdata

**metadata** contians metadata

**taxonomy** contians taxonomy table

<code>mmscale</code>	<i>Min_Max scale</i>
----------------------	----------------------

**Description**

Min\_Max scale

**Usage**

```
mmscale(x, min_s = 0, max_s = 1, n = 1, plot = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	a numeric vector
<code>min_s</code>	scale min
<code>max_s</code>	scale max
<code>n</code>	linear transfer for n=1; the slope will change if n>1 or n<1
<code>plot</code>	whether plot the transfer?

**Value**

a numeric vector

**Examples**

```
x <- runif(10)
mmscale(x, 5, 10)
```

---

multireg

*Multiple regression/ variance decomposition analysis*

---

**Description**

Multiple regression/ variance decomposition analysis

**Usage**

```
multireg(formula, data, TopN = 3)
```

**Arguments**

formula	formula
data	dataframe
TopN	give top variable importance

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
if (requireNamespace("relaimpo") && requireNamespace("aplot")) {
  data(otutab)
  multireg(env1 ~ Group * ., data = metadata[, 2:7])
}
```

---

<code>multitest</code>	<i>Multi-groups test</i>
------------------------	--------------------------

---

### Description

anova (parametric) and kruskal.test (non-parametric). Perform one-way ANOVA test comparing multiple groups. LSD and TukeyHSD are post hoc test of anova. dunn and nemenyi are post hoc test of kruskal.test. t.test or wilcox is just perform t.test or wilcox.test in each two group (no p.adjust).

### Usage

```
multitest(var, group, print = TRUE, return = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

<code>var</code>	numeric vector
<code>group</code>	more than two-levels group vector
<code>print</code>	whether print the result
<code>return</code>	return which method result (tukeyHSD or LSD or wilcox?)

### Value

No value or a dataframe.

### Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("multcompView")) {
  multitest(runif(30), rep(c("A", "B", "C"), each = 10), return = "wilcox")
}
```

---

<code>my_cat</code>	<i>Show my little cat named Guo Dong which drawn by my girlfriend.</i>
---------------------	--

---

### Description

Show my little cat named Guo Dong which drawn by my girlfriend.

### Usage

```
my_cat(mode = 1)
```

### Arguments

<code>mode</code>	1~2
-------------------	-----

**Value**

```
a ggplot
```

---

```
my_circle_packing      My Circle packing plot
```

---

**Description**

My Circle packing plot

**Usage**

```
my_circle_packing(  
  test,  
  anno = NULL,  
  mode = 1,  
  Group = "level",  
  Score = "weight",  
  label = "label",  
  show_level_name = "all",  
  show_tip_label = TRUE,  
  str_width = 10  
)
```

**Arguments**

test	a dataframe with hierarchical structure
anno	annotation tablewith rowname for color or fill.
mode	1~2
Group	fill for mode2
Score	color for mode1
label	the labels column
show_level_name	show which level name? a vector contains some column names.
show_tip_label	show_tip_label, logical
str_width	str_width

**Value**

```
ggplot
```

## Examples

```
data(otutab)
cbind(taxonomy, weight = rowSums(otutab))[1:10, ] -> test
if (requireNamespace("igraph") && requireNamespace("ggraph")) {
  my_circle_packing(test)
}
```

`my_circo`

*My circo plot*

## Description

My circo plot

## Usage

```
my_circo(
  df,
  reorder = TRUE,
  pal = NULL,
  mode = c("circlize", "chorddiag")[1],
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>df</code>	dataframe with three column
<code>reorder</code>	reorder by number?
<code>pal</code>	a vector of colors, you can get from here too: RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(5, "Set2") or ggsci::pal_aaas()(5)
<code>mode</code>	"circlize", "chorddiag"
<code>...</code>	<a href="#">chordDiagram</a>

## Value

`chordDiagram`

## Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("circlize")) {
  data.frame(
    a = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "c"),
    b = c("a", LETTERS[2:5]), c = 1:5
  ) %>% my_circo(mode = "circlize")
```

```
data(otutab)
cbind(taxonomy, num = rowSums(otutab))[1:10, c(2, 6, 8)] -> test
my_circo(test)
}
```

---

**my\_lm***Fit a linear model and plot*

---

## Description

Fit a linear model and plot

## Usage

```
my_lm(tab, var, metadata = NULL, lm_color = "red", ...)
```

## Arguments

tab	your dataframe
var	which colname choose for var or a vector
metadata	the dataframe contains the var
lm_color	"red"
...	parameters parse to <a href="#">geom_point</a>

## Value

a ggplot

## Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("ggpmisc")) {
  my_lm(runif(50), var = 1:50)
  my_lm(c(1:50) + runif(50, 0, 5), var = 1:50)
}
```

`my_sunburst`*My Sunburst plot***Description**

My Sunburst plot

**Usage**

```
my_sunburst(test, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>test</code>	a dataframe with hierarchical structure
<code>...</code>	look for parameters in <code>plot_ly</code>

**Value**

htmlwidget

**Examples**

```
data(otutab)
cbind(taxonomy, num = rowSums(otutab))[1:10, ] -> test
if (requireNamespace("plotly")) {
  my_sunburst(test)
}
```

`my_treemap`*My Treemap plot***Description**

My Treemap plot

**Usage**

```
my_treemap(test, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>test</code>	a three-columns dataframe with hierarchical structure
<code>...</code>	look for parameters in <code>plot_ly</code>

**Value**

```
htmlwidget
```

**Examples**

```
data(otutab)
cbind(taxonomy, num = rowSums(otutab))[1:10, c(4, 7, 8)] -> test
if (requireNamespace("treemap")) {
  my_treemap(test)
}
```

---

```
my_voronoi_treemap      My Voronoi treemap plot
```

---

**Description**

My Voronoi treemap plot

**Usage**

```
my_voronoi_treemap(test, ...)
```

**Arguments**

test	a three-columns dataframe with hierarchical structure
...	look for parameters in <a href="#">vt_d3</a>

**Value**

```
htmlwidget
```

**Examples**

```
data(otutab)
cbind(taxonomy, num = rowSums(otutab))[1:10, c(4, 7, 8)] -> test
if (requireNamespace("voronoiTreemap")) {
  my_voronoi_treemap(test)
}
```

---

<b>otutab</b>	<i>test data for pcutils package.</i>
---------------	---------------------------------------

---

## Description

an otutab, metadata and a taxonomy table.

## Format

contains an otutab, metadata and a taxonomy table.

**otutab** contains otutable rawdata

**metadata** contains metadata

**taxonomy** contains taxonomy table

---

<b>plot.coefficients</b>	<i>Plot coefficients as a bar chart or lollipop chart</i>
--------------------------	---

---

## Description

This function takes the coefficients and generates a plot to visualize their magnitudes.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'coefficients'
plot(x, mode = 1, number = FALSE, x_order = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

- x The coefficients to be plotted.
- mode The mode of the plot: 1 for bar chart, 2 for lollipop chart.
- number show number
- x\_order order of variables
- ... add

## Value

ggplot

---

plotgif

*Plot a gif*

---

### Description

Plot a gif

### Usage

```
plotgif(plist, file, speed = 1, ...)
```

### Arguments

plist	plot list
file	prefix of your .gif file
speed	1
...	add

### Value

No return value

---

---

plotpdf

*Plot a multi-pages pdf*

---

### Description

Plot a multi-pages pdf

### Usage

```
plotpdf(  
  plist,  
  file,  
  width = 8,  
  height = 7,  
  browser = "/Applications/Microsoft Edge.app/Contents/MacOS/Microsoft Edge",  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

plist	plot list
file	prefix of your .pdf file
width	width
height	height
browser	the path of Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge or Chromium in your computer.
...	additional arguments

**Value**

No return value

**prepare\_package**

*Prepare a package*

**Description**

Prepare a package

**Usage**

```
prepare_package(pkg_dir = ".", exclude = "print.R", indent_by = 2, ...)
```

**Arguments**

pkg_dir	defalut: "."
exclude	vector for excluding .R files
indent_by	indent_by, default: 2
...	other parameters for devtools::check

**Value**

No value

---

pre_number_str	<i>Prepare a numeric string</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Prepare a numeric string

**Usage**

```
pre_number_str(str, split_str = ",", continuous_str = "-")
```

**Arguments**

str	a string contain ',' and '-'
split_str	split_str ","
continuous_str	continuous_str "-"

**Value**

vector

**Examples**

```
pre_number_str("a1,a3,a5,a6-a10")
```

---

---

read.file	<i>Read some special format file</i>
-----------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Read some special format file

**Usage**

```
read.file(  
  file,  
  format = NULL,  
  just_print = FALSE,  
  all_yes = FALSE,  
  density = 120,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

file	file path
format	"blast", "diamond", "fa", "fasta", "fna", "gff", "gtf", "jpg", "png", "pdf", "svg"...
just_print	just print the file
all_yes	all_yes?
density	the resolution for reading pdf or svg
...	additional arguments

**Value**

data.frame

**read\_fasta***Read fasta file***Description**

Read fasta file

**Usage**`read_fasta(fasta_file)`**Arguments**

fasta_file	file path
------------	-----------

**Value**

data.frame

**reinstall\_my\_packages** *Re-install my packages***Description**

Re-install my packages

**Usage**`reinstall_my_packages(pkgs = c("pcutils", "pctax", "MetaNet", "ReporterScore"))`**Arguments**

pkgs	pkgs
------	------

**Value**

No return value

---

remove.outliers	<i>Remove outliers</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Remove outliers

**Usage**

```
remove.outliers(x, factor = 1.5)
```

**Arguments**

x	a numeric vector
factor	default 1.5

**Value**

a numeric vector

**Examples**

```
remove.outliers(c(1, 10:15))
```

---

rgb2code	<i>Transform a rgb vector to a Rcolor code</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

Transform a rgb vector to a Rcolor code

**Usage**

```
rgb2code(x, rev = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

x	vector or three columns data.frame
rev	reverse,transform a Rcolor code to a rgb vector

**Value**

Rcolor code like "#69C404"

## Examples

```
rgb2code(c(12, 23, 34))
rgb2code("#69C404", rev = TRUE)
```

**rm\_low**

*Remove the low relative items in each column*

## Description

Remove the low relative items in each column

## Usage

```
rm_low(otutab, relative_threshold = 0.0001)
```

## Arguments

otutab	otutab
relative_threshold	threshold, default: 1e-4

## Value

data.frame

## Examples

```
data(otutab)
rm_low(otutab)
```

**sample\_map**

*Plot the sampling map*

## Description

Plot the sampling map

**Usage**

```
sample_map(
  metadata,
  mode = 1,
  map_params = list(),
  group = NULL,
  point_params = list(),
  label = NULL,
  label_params = list(),
  shp_file = NULL,
  crs = 4326,
  xlim = NULL,
  ylim = NULL,
  add_scale = TRUE,
  scale_params = list(),
  add_north_arrow = TRUE,
  north_arrow_params = list()
)
```

**Arguments**

metadata	metadata must contains "Longitude","Latitude"
mode	1~3. 1 use basic data from ggplot2. 2 use a shp_file. 3 use the leaflet.
map_params	parameters parse to geom_polygon (mode=1) or geom_sf (mode=2)
group	one column name of metadata which mapping to point color
point_params	parameters parse to geom_point
label	one column name of metadata which mapping to point label
label_params	parameters parse to geom_sf_text
shp_file	a geojson file parse to sf::read_sf
crs	crs coordinate: <a href="https://asa-blog.netlify.app/p/r-map/#crs">https://asa-blog.netlify.app/p/r-map/#crs</a>
xlim	xlim
ylim	ylim
add_scale	add annotation_scale
scale_params	parameters parse to ggspatial::annotation_scale
add_north_arrow	add annotation_north_arrow
north_arrow_params	parameters parse to ggspatial::annotation_north_arrow

**Value**

map

## Examples

```
data(otutab)
anno_df <- metadata[, c("Id", "long", "lat", "Group")]
colnames(anno_df) <- c("Id", "Longitude", "Latitude", "Group")
if (requireNamespace("ggspatial")) {
  sample_map(anno_df, mode = 1, group = "Group", xlim = c(90, 135), ylim = c(20, 50))
}
```

sanxian

*Three-line table*

## Description

Three-line table

## Usage

```
sanxian(
  df,
  digits = 3,
  nrow = 10,
  ncol = 10,
  fig = FALSE,
  mode = 1,
  background = "#D7261E",
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

df	a data.frame
digits	how many digits should remain
nrow	show how many rows
ncol	show how many columns
fig	output as a figure
mode	1~2
background	background color
...	additional arguments e.g.(rows=NULL)

## Value

a ggplot

## Examples

```
if (require("kableExtra")) {  
  data(otutab)  
  sanxian(otutab)  
}
```

---

scale\_color\_pc      *Scale a fill color*

---

## Description

Scale a fill color

## Usage

```
scale_color_pc(  
  palette = c("col1", "col2", "col3", "bluered"),  
  alpha = 1,  
  n = 11,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

palette	col1~3; or a vector of colors, you can get from: RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(5, "Set2") or ggsci::pal_aaas()(5)
alpha	alpha
n	how many colors you need
...	additional

## Value

scale\_color

<code>scale_fill_pc</code>	<i>Scale a fill color</i>
----------------------------	---------------------------

### Description

Scale a fill color

### Usage

```
scale_fill_pc(
  palette = c("col1", "col2", "col3", "bluered"),
  alpha = 1,
  n = 11,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

palette	col1~3; or a vector of colors, you can get from: RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(5, "Set2") or ggsci::pal_aaas()(5)
alpha	alpha
n	how many colors you need
...	additional

### Value

`scale_fill`

<code>search_browse</code>	<i>Search and browse the web for specified terms</i>
----------------------------	--

### Description

This function takes a vector of search terms, an optional search engine (default is Google), and an optional base URL to perform web searches. It opens the default web browser with search results for each term.

### Usage

```
search_browse(search_terms, engine = "google", base_url = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

search_terms	A character vector of search terms to be searched.
engine	A character string specifying the search engine to use (default is "google"). Supported engines: "google", "bing".
base_url	A character string specifying the base URL for web searches. If not provided, the function will use a default URL based on the chosen search engine.

**Value**

No return value

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
search_terms <- c(
  "s__Pandoreae_pnomenusa",
  "s__Alicycliphilus_sp._B1"
)

# Using Google search engine
search_browse(search_terms, engine = "google")

# Using Bing search engine
search_browse(search_terms, engine = "bing")

## End(Not run)
```

**set\_pcutils\_config      Set config****Description**

Set config

**Usage**

```
set_pcutils_config(item, value)
```

**Arguments**

item	item
value	value

**Value**

No value

---

show\_pcutils\_config    *Show config*

---

**Description**

Show config

**Usage**

`show_pcutils_config()`

**Value**

config

---

split\_text                  *Split text into parts, each not exceeding a specified character count*

---

**Description**

Split text into parts, each not exceeding a specified character count

**Usage**

`split_text(text, nchr_each = 200)`

**Arguments**

text	Original text
nchr_each	Maximum character count for each part

**Value**

List of divided parts

**Examples**

```
original_text <- paste0(sample(c(letters, "\n"), 400, replace = TRUE), collapse = "")  
parts <- split_text(original_text, nchr_each = 200)  
lapply(parts, nchar)
```

---

**squash***Squash one column in a data.frame using other columns as id.*

---

**Description**

Squash one column in a data.frame using other columns as id.

**Usage**

```
squash(df, column, split = ",")
```

**Arguments**

df	data.frame
column	column name, not numeric position
split	split string

**Value**

data.frame

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(a = c(1:2, 1:2), b = letters[1:4])
squash(df, "b", ",")
```

---

**stackplot***Plot a stack plot*

---

**Description**

Plot a stack plot

Plot a area plot

**Usage**

```
stackplot(
  otutab,
  metadata = NULL,
  group = "Group",
  get_data = FALSE,
  bar_params = list(width = 0.7, position = "stack"),
  topN = 8,
  others = TRUE,
  relative = TRUE,
```

```

legend_title = "",
stack_order = TRUE,
group_order = FALSE,
facet_order = FALSE,
style = c("group", "sample")[1],
flow = FALSE,
flow_params = list(lode.guidance = "frontback", color = "darkgray"),
number = FALSE,
repel = FALSE,
format_params = list(digits = 2),
text_params = list(position = position_stack())
)

areaplot(
  otutab,
  metadata = NULL,
  group = "Group",
  get_data = FALSE,
  bar_params = list(position = "stack"),
  topN = 8,
  others = TRUE,
  relative = TRUE,
  legend_title = "",
  stack_order = TRUE,
  group_order = FALSE,
  facet_order = FALSE,
  style = c("group", "sample")[1],
  number = FALSE,
  format_params = list(digits = 2),
  text_params = list(position = position_stack())
)

```

## Arguments

otutab	otutab
metadata	metadata
group	one group name of columns of metadata
get_data	just get the formatted data?
bar_params	parameters parse to <a href="#">geom_bar</a>
topN	plot how many top species
others	should plot others?
relative	transfer to relative or absolute
legend_title	fill legend_title
stack_order	the order of stack fill
group_order	the order of x group
facet_order	the order of the facet

```
style      "group" or "sample"
flow       should plot a flow plot?
flow_params parameters parse to geom\_flow
number     show the number?
repel      use the ggrepel::geom_text_repel instead of geom_text
format_params parameters parse to format
text_params parameters parse to geom\_text
```

### Value

```
a ggplot
a ggplot
```

### Examples

```
data(otutab)
stackplot(otutab, metadata, group = "Group")

if (interactive()) {
  stackplot(otutab, metadata,
            group = "Group", style = "sample",
            group_order = TRUE, flow = TRUE, relative = FALSE
  )
}

data(otutab)
areaplot(otutab, metadata, group = "Id")

areaplot(otutab, metadata,
          group = "Group", style = "sample",
          group_order = TRUE, relative = FALSE
)
```

---

### Description

Split Composite Names

### Usage

```
strsplit2(x, split, colnames = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	character vector
split	character to split each element of vector on, see <a href="#">strsplit</a>
colnames	colnames for the result
...	other arguments are passed to <a href="#">strsplit</a>

**Value**

data.frame

**Examples**

```
strsplit2(c("a;b", "c;d"), ";")
```

t2	<i>Transpose data.frame</i>
----	-----------------------------

**Description**

Transpose data.frame

**Usage**

t2(data)

**Arguments**

data	data.frame
------	------------

**Value**

data.frame

taxonomy	<i>test data for pcutils package.</i>
----------	---------------------------------------

**Description**

an otutab, metadata and a taxonomy table.

**Format**

contains an otutab, metadata and a taxonomy table.

**otutab** contians otutable rawdata**metadata** contians metadata**taxonomy** contians taxonomy table

---

tax_pie	<i>Pie plot</i>
---------	-----------------

---

**Description**

Pie plot

**Usage**

```
tax_pie(otutab, topN = 6, ...)
```

**Arguments**

otutab	otutab
topN	topN
...	add

**Value**

a ggplot

**Examples**

```
data(otutab)
tax_pie(otutab, topN = 7) + scale_fill_pc()
```

---

tidai	<i>Replace a vector by named vector</i>
-------	---

---

**Description**

Replace a vector by named vector

**Usage**

```
tidai(x, y, fac = FALSE, keep_origin = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

x	a vector need to be replaced
y	named vector
fac	consider the factor?
keep_origin	keep_origin?

**Value**

vector

**Examples**

```
tidai(c("a", "a", "b", "d"), c("a" = "red", b = "blue"))
tidai(c("a", "a", "b", "c"), c("red", "blue"))
tidai(c("A" = "a", "B" = "b"), c("a" = "red", b = "blue"))
tidai(factor(c("A" = "a", "B" = "b", "C" = "c")), c("a" = "red", b = "blue", c = "green"))
```

---

**trans**

*Transfer your data*

---

**Description**

Transfer your data

**Usage**

```
trans(df, method = "normalize", margin = 2, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<b>df</b>	dataframe
<b>method</b>	"cpm", "minmax", "acpm", "total", "log", "max", "frequency", "normalize", "range", "rank", "rrank", "standardize", "pa", "chi.square", "hellinger", "log", "clr", "rclr", "alr"
<b>margin</b>	1 for row and 2 for column(default: 2)
<b>...</b>	additional

**Value**

data.frame

**See Also**

[decostand](#)

**Examples**

```
data(otutab)
trans(otutab, method = "cpm")
```

---

translator

*Translator*

---

### Description

language: en, zh, jp, fra, th..., see <https://www.cnblogs.com/pieguan/p/10338255.html>

### Usage

```
translator(words, from = "en", to = "zh", split = TRUE, verbose = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

words	words
from	source language, default "en"
to	target language, default "zh"
split	split to blocks when your words are too much
verbose	verbose

### Value

vector

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
translator(c("love", "if"), from = "en", to = "zh")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

trans\_format

*Transfer the format of file*

---

### Description

Transfer the format of file

### Usage

```
trans_format(  
  file,  
  to_format,  
  format = NULL,  
  ...,  
  browser = "/Applications/Microsoft Edge.app/Contents/MacOS/Microsoft Edge"  
)
```

**Arguments**

file	input file
to_format	transfer to
format	input file format
...	additional argument
browser	the path of Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge or Chromium in your computer.

**Value**

file at work directory

---

twotest

*Two-group test*

---

**Description**

Two-group test

**Usage**

twotest(var, group)

**Arguments**

var	numeric vector
group	two-levels group vector

**Value**

No return value

**Examples**

```
twotest(runif(20), rep(c("a", "b"), each = 10))
```

---

update_NEWS_md	<i>Update the NEW.md for a package</i>
----------------	--

---

### Description

Update the NEW.md for a package

### Usage

```
update_NEWS_md(  
  package_dir = ".",  
  new_features = character(),  
  bug_fixes = character(),  
  other_changes = character(),  
  ...  
)
```

### Arguments

package_dir	default: "."
new_features	new_features
bug_fixes	bug_fixes
other_changes	other_changes
...	additional info

### Value

No value

---

---

update_param	<i>Update the parameters</i>
--------------	------------------------------

---

### Description

Keep the different parameters while use the same name in update first.

### Usage

```
update_param(default, update)
```

### Arguments

default	default (data.frame, list, vector)
update	update (data.frame, list, vector)

**Value**

same class of your input (data.frame, list or vector)

**Examples**

```
update_param(list(a = 1, b = 2), list(b = 5, c = 5))
```

---

venn

*Plot a general venn (upset, flower)*

---

**Description**

Plot a general venn (upset, flower)

**Usage**

```
venn(...)

## S3 method for class 'list'
venn(aa, mode = "venn", elements_label = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
venn(otutab, mode = "venn", elements_label = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

...	add
aa	list
mode	"venn", "venn2", "upset", "flower"
elements_label	logical, show elements label in network?
otutab	table

**Value**

a plot

a plot

a plot

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  aa <- list(a = 1:3, b = 3:7, c = 2:4)  
  venn(aa, mode = "venn")  
  venn(aa, mode = "network")  
  venn(aa, mode = "upset")  
  data(otutab)  
  venn(otutab, mode = "flower")  
}
```

---

**write\_fasta**                  *Write a data.frame to fasta*

---

## Description

Write a data.frame to fasta

## Usage

```
write_fasta(df, file_path, str_per_line = 70)
```

## Arguments

df	data.frame
file_path	output file path
str_per_line	how many base or amino acid in one line, if NULL, one sequence in one line.

## Value

No return value

# Index

add\_alpha, 4  
add\_analysis, 4  
add\_theme, 5  
anova, 19  
areaplot (stackplot), 49  
change\_fac\_lev, 5  
china\_map, 6  
chordDiagram, 32  
copy\_df, 6  
copy\_vector, 7  
count2, 7  
dabiao, 8  
decostand, 54  
del\_ps, 9  
df2link, 9  
download2, 10  
explode, 10  
fittest, 11  
format, 51  
generate\_labels, 11  
geom\_bar, 50  
geom\_col, 14  
geom\_flow, 51  
geom\_jitter, 18  
geom\_point, 33  
geom\_rect, 14, 15  
geom\_smooth, 19  
geom\_text, 14, 15, 18, 51  
get\_cols, 12  
gghist, 13  
gghistogram, 13  
gghuan, 13  
gghuan2, 15  
ggplot\_lim, 16  
ggplot\_translator, 16  
grepl.data.frame, 17  
group\_box, 18  
group\_test, 19  
gsub.data.frame, 20  
guolv, 21  
hebing, 21  
how\_to\_set\_font\_for\_plot, 22  
how\_to\_set\_options, 22  
how\_to\_update\_parameters, 23  
how\_to\_use\_parallel, 23  
how\_to\_use\_sbatch, 24  
is.ggplot.color, 24  
kruskal.test, 19  
legend\_size, 25  
lib\_ps, 25  
little\_guodong, 26  
lm\_coefficients, 26  
make\_gitbook, 27  
make\_project, 27  
metadata, 28  
mmscale, 28  
multireg, 29  
multitest, 18, 30  
my\_cat, 30  
my\_circle\_packing, 31  
my\_circo, 32  
my\_lm, 33  
my\_sunburst, 34  
my\_treemap, 34  
my\_voronoi\_treemap, 35  
otutab, 36  
p.adjust, 20  
plot.coefficients, 36  
plot\_ly, 34  
plotgif, 37

plotpdf, 37  
pre\_number\_str, 39  
prepare\_package, 38  
  
read\_file, 39  
read\_fasta, 40  
reinstall\_my\_packages, 40  
remove.outliers, 41  
rgb2code, 41  
rm\_low, 42  
  
sample\_map, 42  
sanxian, 44  
scale\_color\_pc, 45  
scale\_fill\_pc, 46  
search\_browse, 46  
set\_pcutools\_config, 47  
show\_pcutools\_config, 48  
split\_text, 48  
squash, 49  
stackplot, 49  
stat\_compare\_means, 19  
strsplit, 52  
strsplit2, 51  
  
t.test, 19  
t2, 52  
tax\_pie, 53  
taxonomy, 52  
tidai, 53  
trans, 54  
trans\_format, 55  
translator, 55  
twotest, 56  
  
update\_NEWS\_md, 57  
update\_param, 57  
  
venn, 58  
vt\_d3, 35  
  
wilcox.test, 19  
write\_fasta, 59